TABLE OF AUTHORITIES

Cases

Grinols v. State, 74 P.3d 889 (Alaska 2003)	2
Statutes	
AS 8.54.720(a) (15)	4
AS 11.56.210(a)(2)	4
AS 22.05.010(b)	10
AS 22.05.015(b)	10
AS 22.07.020	10
AS 22.07.020(c)	10
AS 22.10.020	10
AS 22.15.240	10
Regulations	
5 AAC 84.270(14)	4
5 A A C 02 140(a)	

AUTHORITIES RELIED UPON

Statutes:

AS 08.54.720. Unlawful Acts.

- (a) It is unlawful for a
- (1) person who is licensed under this chapter to knowingly fail to promptly report to the Department of Public Safety, division of fish and wildlife protection, and in no event later than 20 days, a violation of a state game, guiding, or transportation services statute or regulation that the person reasonably believes was committed by a client or an employee of the person;
- (2) person who is licensed under this chapter to intentionally obstruct or hinder or attempt to obstruct or hinder lawful hunting engaged in by a person who is not a client of the person;
- (3) class A assistant guide or an assistant guide to knowingly guide a hunt except while employed and supervised by a registered guide;
- (4) person who holds any class of guide license to knowingly enter or remain on private land without prior authorization during the course of providing big game hunting services;
- (5) registered guide to knowingly engage in providing big game hunting services outside of
- (A) a game management unit for which the registered guide is certified; or
- (B) a use area for which the registered guide is registered under AS 08.54.750 unless the registration requirement for the area has been suspended by the Department of Fish and Game;
- (6) person to knowingly guide without having a current registered guide, class-A assistant guide, or assistant guide license and hunting license in actual possession;
- (7) registered guide to knowingly fail to comply with AS 08.54.610(e);
- (8) person who is licensed under this chapter to knowingly
- (A) commit or aid in the commission of a violation of this chapter, a regulation adopted under this chapter, or a state game statute or regulation; or
- (B) permit the commission of a violation of this chapter, a regulation adopted under this chapter, or a state game statute or regulation that the person knows or reasonably believes is being or will be committed without
- (i) attempting to prevent it, short of using force; and
- (ii) reporting the violation;
- (9) person without a current registered guide license to knowingly guide, advertise as a registered guide, or represent to be a registered guide;

- (10) person without a current master guide license to knowingly advertise as, or represent to be, a master guide;
- (11) person without a current registered guide license to knowingly outfit a big game hunt, advertise as an outfitter of big game hunts, or represent to be an outfitter of big game hunts;
- (12) person to knowingly provide transportation services to big game hunters without holding a current registered guide license or transporter license;
- (13) person without a current transporter license to knowingly advertise as, or represent to be, a transporter;
- (14) class-A assistant guide or an assistant guide to knowingly contract to guide or outfit a hunt;
- (15) person licensed under this chapter to knowingly violate a state statute or regulation prohibiting waste of a wild food animal or hunting on the same day airborne;

AS 11.56.210. Unsworn Falsification.

- (a) A person commits the crime of unsworn falsification if, with the intent to mislead a public servant in the performance of a duty, the person submits a false written or recorded statement which the person does not believe to be true
- (1) in an application for a benefit; or
- (2) on a form bearing notice, authorized by law, that false statements made in it are punishable.

AS 22.05.010. Jurisdiction.

- (a) The supreme court has final appellate jurisdiction in all actions and proceedings. However, a party has only one appeal as a matter of right from an action or proceeding commenced in either the district court or the superior court.
- (b) Appeal to the supreme court is a matter of right only in those actions and proceedings from which there is no right of appeal to the court of appeals under AS 22.07.020 or to the superior court under AS 22.10.020 or AS 22.15.240.

AS 22.05.015. Transfer of Appellate Cases.

(a) The supreme court may transfer to the court of appeals for decision a case pending before the supreme court if the case is within the jurisdiction of the court of appeals.

(b) The supreme court may take jurisdiction of a case pending before the court of appeals if the court of appeals certifies to the supreme court that the case involves a significant question of law under the Constitution of the United States or under the constitution of the state or involves an issue of substantial public interest that should be determined by the supreme court.

AS 22.07.020. Jurisdiction.

- (a) The court of appeals has appellate jurisdiction in actions and proceedings commenced in the superior court involving
- (1) criminal prosecution;
- (2) post-conviction relief;
- (3) matters under AS 47.12, including waiver of jurisdiction over a minor under AS 47.12.100;
- (4) extradition;
- (5) habeas corpus;
- (6) probation and parole; and
- (7) bail.
- (b) Except as limited in AS 12.55.120, the court of appeals has jurisdiction to hear appeals of unsuspended sentences of imprisonment exceeding two years for a felony offense or 120 days for a misdemeanor offense imposed by the superior court on the grounds that the sentence is excessive, or a sentence of any length on the grounds that it is too lenient. The court of appeals, in the exercise of this jurisdiction, may modify the sentence as provided by law and the state constitution.
- (c) The court of appeals has jurisdiction to review (1) a final decision of the district court in an action or proceeding involving criminal prosecution, post-conviction relief, extradition, probation and parole, habeas corpus, or bail; and (2) the final decision of the district court on a sentence imposed by it if the sentence exceeds 120 days of unsuspended incarceration for a misdemeanor offense. In this subsection, "final decision" means a decision or order, other than dismissal by consent of all parties, that closes a matter in the district court.

AS 22.10.020. Jurisdiction of the Superior Court.

(a) The superior court is the trial court of general jurisdiction, with original jurisdiction in all civil and criminal matters, including probate and guardianship of minors and incompetents. Except for a petition for a protective order under AS 18.66.100 - 18.66.180, an action that falls within the concurrent jurisdiction of the superior court and the district court may

not be filed in the superior court, except as provided by rules of the supreme court.

- (b) The jurisdiction of the superior court extends over the whole of the state.
- (c) The superior court and its judges may issue injunctions, writs of review, mandamus, prohibition, habeas corpus, and all other writs necessary or proper to the complete exercise of its jurisdiction. A writ of habeas corpus may be made returnable before any judge of the superior court.
- (d) The superior court has jurisdiction in all matters appealed to it from a subordinate court, or administrative agency when appeal is provided by law, and has jurisdiction over petitions for relief in administrative matters under AS 44.62.305. The hearings on appeal from a final order or judgment of a subordinate court or administrative agency, except an appeal under AS 43.05.242, shall be on the record unless the superior court, in its discretion, grants a trial de novo, in whole or in part. The hearings on appeal from a final order or judgment under AS 43.05.242 shall be on the record.
- (e) An appeal to the superior court is a matter of right, but an appeal from a subordinate court may not be taken by the defendant in a criminal case after a plea of guilty, except on the ground that the sentence was excessive. The state's right of appeal in criminal cases is limited by the prohibitions against double jeopardy contained in the United States Constitution and the Alaska Constitution.
- (f) An appeal to the superior court may be taken on the ground that an unsuspended sentence of imprisonment exceeding 120 days was excessive and the superior court in the exercise of this jurisdiction has the power to reduce the sentence. The state may appeal a sentence on the ground that it is too lenient. When a sentence is appealed on the ground that it is too lenient, the court may not increase the sentence but may express its approval or disapproval of the sentence and its reasons in a written opinion.
- (g) In case of an actual controversy in the state, the superior court, upon the filing of an appropriate pleading, may declare the rights and legal relations of an interested party seeking the declaration, whether or not further relief is or could be sought. The declaration has the force and effect of a final judgment or decree and is reviewable as such. Further necessary or proper relief based on a declaratory judgment or decree may be granted, after reasonable notice and hearing, against an adverse party whose rights have been determined by the judgment.
- (h) [Renumbered as AS 22.10.025 (a)].
- (i) The superior court is the court of original jurisdiction over all causes of action arising under the provisions of AS 18.80. A person who is injured or aggrieved by an act, practice, or policy which is prohibited under AS 18.80

may apply to the superior court for relief. The person aggrieved or injured may maintain an action on behalf of that person or on behalf of a class consisting of all persons who are aggrieved or injured by the act, practice, or policy giving rise to the action. In an action brought under this subsection, the court may grant relief as to any act, practice, or policy of the defendant which is prohibited by AS 18.80, regardless of whether each act, practice, or policy, with respect to which relief is granted, directly affects the plaintiff, so long as a class or members of a class of which the plaintiff is a member are or may be aggrieved or injured by the act, practice, or policy. The court may enjoin any act, practice, or policy which is illegal under AS 18.80 and may order any other relief, including the payment of money, that is appropriate.

AS 22.15.240. Appeal.

- (a) Either party may appeal a judgment of the district court in a civil action to the superior court.
- (b) The defendant may appeal a judgment of conviction given in the district court in a criminal action to the superior court. When the judgment is given on a plea of guilty, an appeal may not be taken by the defendant except on the ground that a sentence of imprisonment of 90 days or more was excessive. The state's right of appeal in criminal cases is limited by the prohibition against double jeopardy contained in the United States Constitution and the Alaska Constitution. The state may also appeal a sentence on the ground that it is too lenient. When a sentence is appealed on the ground that it is too lenient, the court may not increase the sentence but may express its approval or disapproval of the sentence and its reasons in a written opinion.

Regulations:

5 AAC 84.270. Furbearer trapping

Trapping seasons and bag limits for furbearers are as follows:

UNIT OPEN SEASON BAG LIMIT (1) Beaver Units 1 (except Unit 1(D)), 2, 3 (except Mitkof Island), and 4 (that portion east of Chatham Strait) Dec. 1 - May 15 No limit. Unit 1(D) Dec. 1 - May 15 5 per season. Unit 3, Mitkof Island Dec. 1 - Apr. 15 No limit. Unit 4 (that portion west of Chatham Strait) No open season. Units 5 and 14 (except Unit 14(C)) Nov. 10 - May 15 No limit. Unit 6 Nov. 10 - Apr. 30 No limit. Units 7 and 15 Nov. 10 - Mar. 31 20 per season. Unit 8 Nov. 10 - Apr. 30 30 per season. Unit 11, however only firearms Nov. 10 - May 31 30 per season. may be used to take up to 4 beaver from Apr. 15 - May 31 Units 9 and 17, however Oct. 10 - Mar. 31 No limit.

only firearms may be used April 15 - May 31 to take up to 2 beaver per day from April 15 - May 31 Unit 10 No open season. Unit 12, however only firearms may be used to take up to 6 beaver per regulatory year from Sept. 20 Oct. 31 and Apr. 16 - May 15 Sept. 20 - May 15 15 per season. Units 13 and 16 Sept. 25 - May 31 No limit. Unit 14(C), that portion within the drainages of Glacier Creek, Kern Creek, the Twentymile River, the drainages of Knik River outside Chugach State Park, and the Fort Richardson Management Area, including Elmendorf Air Force Base Dec. 1 - Apr. 15 20 per season. Remainder of Unit 14(C) No open season. Unit 18 No closed season. No limit. Units 19, 21, and 24 Nov. 1 - June 10 No limit. Unit 20(A) Nov. 1 - Apr. 15 No limit. Unit 20(B), that portion of the Chena River downstream from its confluence with the Little Chena River, and Badger (Piledriver) Slough downstream from Plack Road No open season; however, the department may set seasons and bag limits, by permit only, to curb high beaver populations and reduce property damage. Remainder of Unit 20(B) Sept. 25 - May 31 No limit. Units 20(C) and 20(F) Nov. 1 - Apr. 15 No limit. Unit 20(D) Nov. 1 Apr. 15 25 per season. Unit 20(E), however only firearms may be used to take up to 6 beaver per regulatory year from Sept. 20 · Oct. 31 and Apr. 16 · May 15 Sept. 20 - May 15 25 per season. Unit 22 No closed season. No limit. Unit 23 No closed season. No limit. Unit 25 (except Unit 25(C)) Nov. 1 - Apr. 15 50 per season. Unit 25(C) Nov. 1 · Apr. 15 No limit. Unit 26 No open season. (2) Coyote Units 1 - 5 Dec. 1 - Feb. 15 No limit. Unit 6 Nov. 10 - Apr. 30 No limit. Units 7, 9 - 11, 13, 14(A), 14(B), and 15 - 18 Nov. 10 - Mar. 31 No limit. Unit 14(C) Nov. 10 · Feb. 28 No limit. Units 12 and 20(E) Oct. 15 · Apr. 30 No limit. Units 19, 20 (except 20(E)), 21, 24, and 25 Nov. 1 - Mar. 31 No limit. Units 22, 23, and 26 Nov. 1 - Apr. 15 No limit. (3) Fox, arctic, white, or blue Units 9 and 10 Nov. 10 - Feb. 28 No limit. Unit 17 Nov. 10 - Mar. 31 No limit. Unit 18 Nov. 10 - Mar. 31 No limit. Units 22 - 26 Nov. 1 - Apr. 15 No limit. (4) Fox, red (including the cross, black, or silver color phases) Units 1 - 5 Dec. 1 -Feb. 15 No limit. Units 6, 9 · 11, 13, 14, excluding Chugach State Park and 16 Nov. 10 - Feb. 28 No limit. Units 7, 14(C), that portion within Chugach State Park, and 15 Nov. 10 - Feb. 28 One per season. Unit 8 Nov. 10 - Mar. 31 No limit. Units 12, 20, 21, 24, and 25 Nov. 1 - Feb. 28 No limit. Unit 17 Nov. 10 -Mar. 31 No limit. Unit 18 Nov. 10 - Mar. 31 No limit. Unit 19 Nov. 1 - Mar. 31 No limit. Units 22, 23, and 26 Nov. 1 - Apr. 15 No limit. (5) Lynx Units 1 - 5 Dec. 1 - Feb. 15 No limit. Units 6, 7, 11, and 13 - 16 Nov. 10 - Feb. 28 No limit; season may be closed by emergency order. Units 8 and 10 No open season. Unit 9 Nov. 10 - Feb. 28 No limit. Unit 17 Nov. 10 - Mar. 31 No limit. Unit 18 Nov. 10 - Mar. 31 No limit. Units 20 (except 20(E)) and 25(C) Nov. 1 Feb. 28 No limit; season may be closed by emergency order. Units 12 and

20(E) Nov. 1 - Nov. 30 5 lynx. Dec. 1 - Feb. 28 No limit. Unit 19 Nov. 1 - Feb. 28 No limit. Unit 21 Nov. 1 - Feb. 28 No limit. Units 22, 23, and 26 Nov. 1 -Apr. 15 No limit. Unit 24 Nov. 1 - Feb. 28 No limit. Remainder of Unit 25 Nov. 1 - Feb. 28 No limit. (6) Marten Units 1 - 3 Dec. 1 - Feb. 15 No limit. Unit 4, that portion of Chichagof Island east of Idaho Inlet and north of the Trail River and Tenakee Inlet and north of a line from the headwaters of Trail River to the head of Tenakee Inlet Dec. 1 - Dec. 31 No limit. Remainder of Unit 4 Dec. 1 · Feb. 15 No limit. Unit 5 Nov. 10 · Feb. 15 No limit. Units 7, 8, 15, and 16(B) Nov. 10 - Jan. 31 No limit. Units 6, 9, 11, 13, and 17 Nov. 10 -Feb. 28 No limit. Units 12, 19 - 21, 24, and 25 Nov. 1 - Feb. 28 No limit. Unit 14 and the remainder of Unit 16 Nov. 10 - Dec. 31 No limit. Unit 18 Nov. 10 -Mar. 31 No limit. Units 22, 23, and 26 Nov. 1 - Apr. 15 No limit. (7) Mink and weasel Units 1 · 3 Dec. 1 · Feb. 15 No limit. Unit 4, that portion of Chichagof Island east of Idaho Inlet and north of the Trail River and Tenakee Inlet and north of a line from the headwaters of Trail River to the head of Tenakee Inlet Dec. 1 - Dec. 31 No limit. Remainder of Unit 4 Dec. 1 - Feb. 15 No limit. Unit 5 Nov. 10 - Feb. 15 No limit. Units 7, 8, 14 - 16, and 18 Nov. 10 - Jan. 31 No limit. Units 6, 9, 10, and 17 Nov. 10 - Feb. 28 No limit. Units 11 and 13 Nov. 10 - Feb. 28 No limit. Units 12, 19 - 21, 24, and 25 Nov. 1 - Feb. 28 No limit. Units 22 and 26 Nov. 1 - Jan. 31 No limit. Unit 23 Nov. 1 - Apr. 15 No limit. (8) Muskrat Units 1 - 5 Dec. 1 - Feb. 15 No limit. Units 6, 8 - 11, 16, and 18 Nov. 10 - June 10 No limit. Units 7, 14, and 15 Nov. 10 - May 15 No limit. Units 12 and 20(E) Sept. 20 - June 10 No limit. Unit 13 Sept. 25 - June 10 No limit. Unit 17 Nov. 10 - Feb. 28 2 per season. Units 19, 20 (except 20(E)), 21, 22, and 24 · 26 Nov. 1 · June 10 No limit. Unit 23 No closed season. No limit. (9) Otter, land Units 1 · 4 Dec. 1 · Feb. 15 No limit. Unit 5 Nov. 10 · Feb. 15 No limit. Units 6, 9 - 11, 13, 14(A), 14(B), and 16 - 18 Nov. 10 - Mar. 31 No limit. Units 7 and 14(C) Nov. 10 - Feb. 28 No limit.

5 AAC 92.140. Unlawful possession or transportation of game

(a) No person may possess, transport, give, receive, or barter game or parts of game that the person knows or should know were taken in violation of AS 16 or a regulation adopted under AS 16.